1 (c) Solve
$$\frac{5x-3}{4} = 2x+3$$

Show clear algebraic working.

$$\frac{5x-3}{4} = 2x+3 \quad 0$$

$$5x-3 = 4 \times (2x+3)$$

$$5x-3 = 8x+12$$

$$-3 = 3x+12 \quad 0$$

$$-15 = 3x$$

$$-5 = x \quad 0$$

$$x = \frac{-5}{(3)}$$

2 (d) Solve
$$3(2x-5) = \frac{9-x}{2}$$

Show clear algebraic working.

$$3(2x-5) = \frac{q-x}{2}$$

$$6x-15 = \frac{q-x}{2}$$

$$2(6x-15) = q-x$$

$$12x-30 = q-x$$

$$12x+x = q+30$$

$$13x = 3q$$

$$x = \frac{3q}{13}$$

$$= 3$$
(1)

$$x =$$
 (4)

(Total for Question 2 is 4 marks)

3 (b) Solve
$$n + 3 = 7$$

$$n+3=7$$
 $n=7-3$
 -3



(Total for Question 3 is 1 marks)

4 (c) Solve
$$6g = 42$$

$$69 = 42$$
 $9 = \frac{42}{6} = 7$

$$g = \frac{7}{(1)}$$

(d) Solve
$$24 = 10 + h$$

(Total for Question 4 is 2 marks)

Given that
$$\frac{w^5 \times w^n}{w^3} = w^{10}$$

5 (c) work out the value of n.

(Total for Question 5 is 2 marks)

6 (d) Solve 5x - 7 = x + 12Show clear algebraic working.

$$5x - 7 = x + 12$$
 $5x - x = 12 + 7$
 $4x = 19$
 $x = \frac{19}{4}$
 $x = \frac{19}{4}$

7 (a) Simplify p + p + p + p + p + p

6p (1)

(b) Simplify $5y^2 + 6y^2 - 3y^2$

$$= (5+6-3)y^{2}$$

$$= 8y^{2}$$

8 y² (1)

(c) Simplify $e \times e \times e \times e \times e$

e⁵ (1)

(d) Simplify $5c \times 4d$

20 cd (1)

(e) Solve x - 7 = 19

$$x-7=19$$
 $x=19+7=26$

 $18^2 + 15^2 - 5^3 = 4n$

(f) Work out the value of n.

$$n = \frac{106}{(2)}$$

(g) Factorise 9t - 6

Given that
$$\frac{y^5 \times y^n}{y^6} = y^{13}$$

8 (b) work out the value of n.

$$\frac{y^{5} \times y^{n}}{y^{6}} = y^{13}$$

$$y^{5+n-6} = y^{13}$$

$$n-1 = 13 \text{ } \bigcirc$$

$$n = 14 \text{ } \bigcirc$$

$$n =$$
 (2)

9 (a) Solve
$$5x = 30$$

$$5x = 30$$

$$\kappa = \frac{30}{5} = 6$$

$$x = \frac{6}{(1)}$$

(b) Solve
$$y - 7 = 12$$

(Total for Question 9 is 2 marks)